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**Olsen**

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(54) **CONTAINER CARRIER**

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(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 1055 days.

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(65) **Prior Publication Data**

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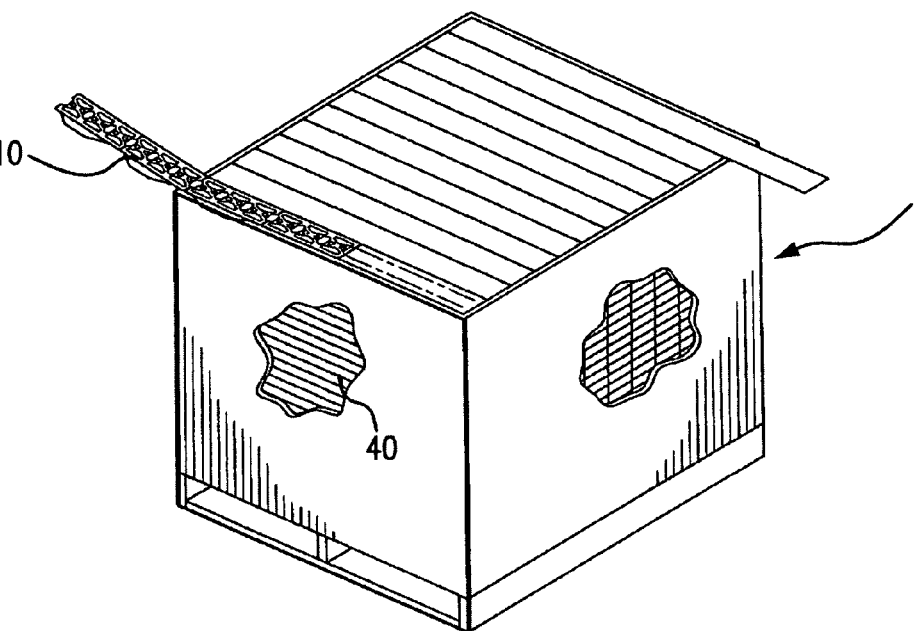
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(57)

**ABSTRACT**

A generally continuous string of container carriers typically forming a package of fan-folded container carriers wherein the generally continuous string of container carriers include a flexible web forming a plurality of container receiving apertures arranged in longitudinal rows and transverse ranks defining a single container carrier. Each container receiving aperture in an inner rank includes a different length than each container receiving aperture in an outer rank and a generally triangular shape having a generally arcuate base and a pair of concave sides that taper toward a center.

**12 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets**



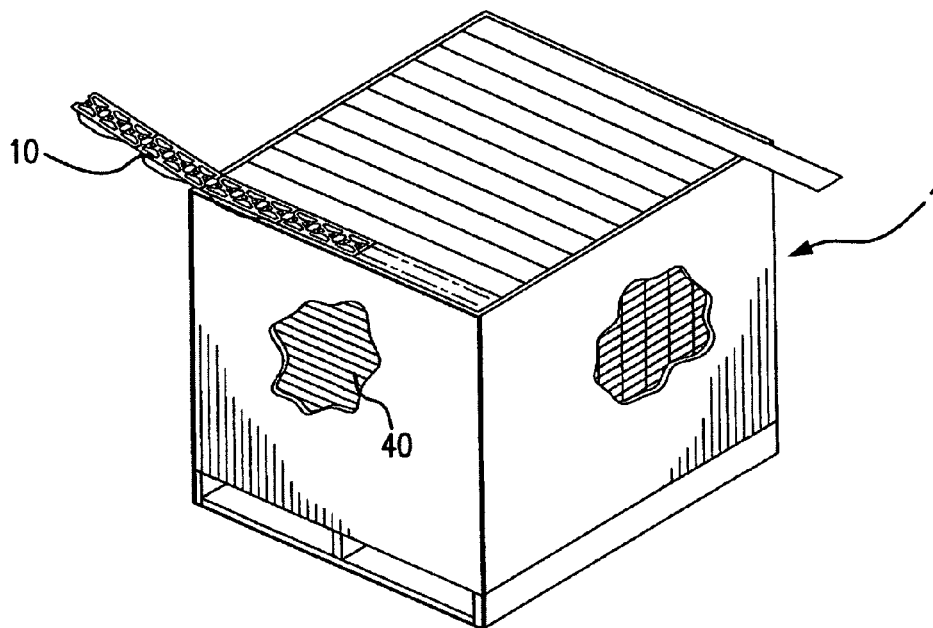


FIG. 1

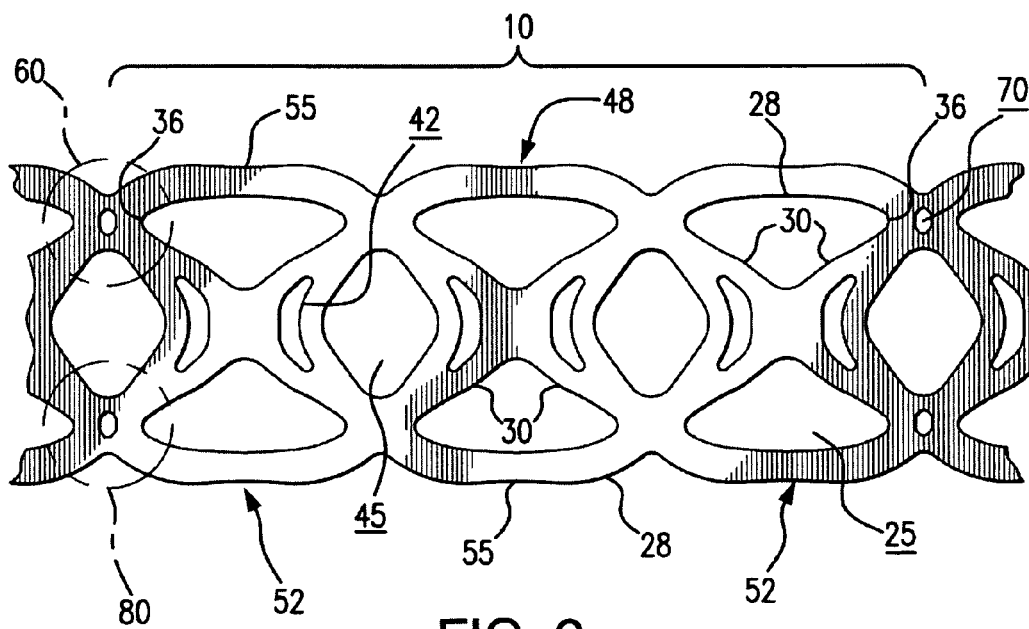


FIG. 2

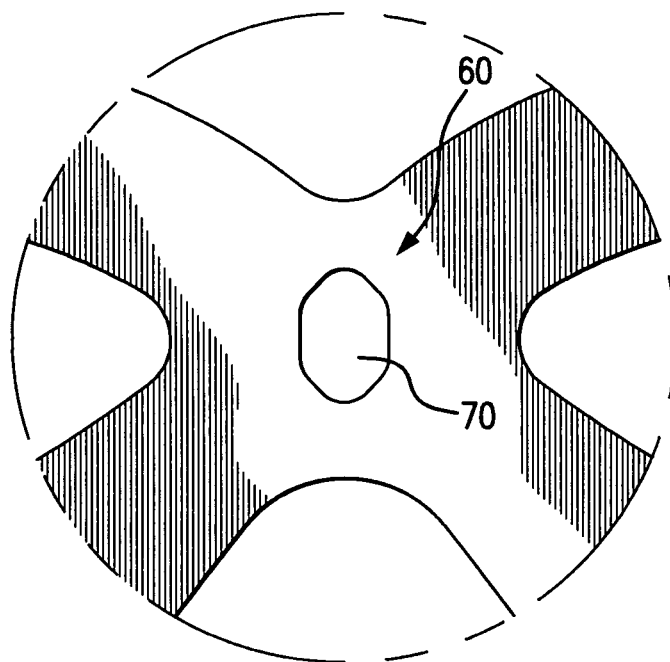


FIG. 3

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## CONTAINER CARRIER

### CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This patent application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/617,423, filed on 12 Nov. 2009. The parent U.S. patent application is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety and is made a part hereof, including but not limited to those portions which specifically appear hereinafter.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a container carrier for unitizing a plurality of containers.

#### 2. Description of Prior Art

Container carriers are used to unitize a plurality of containers. Typical containers are bottles, cans and other containers having a sidewall and a neck, chime or raised rib around an upper portion of the container. Container carriers typically connect two or more containers into a sturdy unitized package of containers. Container carriers are generally planar arrays of rings, sometimes referred to as "six-pack carriers," and may be formed from a thermoplastic sheet material.

The thermoplastic sheet material is typically extruded and then punched so that large numbers of container carriers are formed end to end resulting in continuous elongated strings or strips of container carriers. Unless specified otherwise, container carriers as used in this specification are defined as the continuous elongated string of container carriers prior to application onto containers and subsequent division into individual container carriers.

Prior art methods of packaging container carriers involve accumulating the elongated strings of container carriers onto reels. The reels of container carriers are unwound at a later time during application onto containers. The reel method of storing and applying the container carriers to containers requires splicing the end of one reel with the beginning of the following reel without interrupting the application process. In addition, the reel method of storing and applying carriers is generally limited to reels of a size which may be physically lifted and manipulated by the applying machine operator. Also, the reel unwinding equipment must accommodate the inertia and resultant backlash inherent in unwinding a wound strip of material. Further, the generally circular or octagonal shape of the reels limits the number of reels which may be assembled onto a single pallet for shipment between the production facility and the application facility.

Wanderer, U.S. Pat. No. 3,285,405, and Slaters Jr. et al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,068,125, incorporated by reference herein, disclose methods for storing and dispensing container carriers wherein elongated strings of container carriers are fan folded, similar to pin-feed computer paper, into boxes or cartons. The container carriers are dispensed from the boxes or cartons during the application process and successive boxes or cartons containing stacks of container carriers are spliced together as the boxes empty.

However, such methods for storing and dispensing container carriers may lead to uneven accumulation of the container carriers at each end of the box or carton, specifically where the container carriers are folded over onto each other. More particularly, when the container carrier includes a handle, a panel or some other extraneous feature, uneven

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stacking and/or unwinding is even more problematic. As a result, cartons may suffer from uneven stacks of folded container carriers whereby a central portion of the carton is not filled to capacity and end portions of the carton include distinctly higher stacks of carriers. This problem is referred to as "birdsnesting" and may result in inefficiently packed cartons of container carriers and even tangling of the string of container carriers during the unwinding process.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides a package of container carriers which allows for space-efficient storage of stacks of container carriers and permits uninterrupted removal of a mostly continuous elongated strip of container carriers.

A package of container carriers for shipment and storage and subsequent application to groups of containers is constructed to contain fan folded stacks of container carriers. Elongated strips of container carriers are fan folded, like pin-feed computer paper, into a plurality of stacks of container carriers.

The container carrier as described herein is preferably configured to maximize the generally flat and continuous folding of the container carriers. In this manner, a stack of container carriers may be fan folded without unequal accumulation, birdsnesting or otherwise tangling container carriers as they are moved to or from the package.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above-mentioned and other features and objects of this invention will be better understood from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the drawings wherein:

FIG. 1 is a side perspective view of a carton or package of container carriers according to one preferred embodiment of this invention;

FIG. 2 is a side elevational view of a string of container carriers according to one preferred embodiment of this invention; and

FIG. 3 is a close up view of a portion of the string of container carriers shown in FIG. 2.

### DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIGS. 1-3 variously show container carriers 10 as the term is used in the claimed invention. Container carriers 10 are preferably arranged in a generally continuous elongated string or strip having divisible attachment areas 60, 80 between adjacent individual container carriers. According to a preferred embodiment of this invention, container carriers 10 comprise a single layer of material.

Problems resulting from fan folding container carriers include "birdsnesting" whereby stacks 40 of container carriers 10 are unevenly accumulated, for instance, the folded edges of stack 40 are higher than a central portion of stack 40. This condition may cause problems in drawing the generally continuous string of container carriers 10 from package 1, including tangling and buckling of stack 40. As a result, container carriers 10 may break before arriving at an applying machine or as it enters a feed trough of the applying machine. The single layer container carrier 10 may be more prone to birdsnesting and improper breaking or separation during unwinding and/or application.

FIG. 1 shows package 1 of container carriers 10 according to one preferred embodiment of this invention. During the

production process, container carriers **10** are preferably formed in the generally continuous, elongated string for shipment and storage in packaging, such as carton or package **1**. After shipment to an application facility, such as a soft drink bottler, container carriers **10** are preferably removed from the packaging and applied, on an applying machine, to groups of containers, such as cans, during which application container carriers **10** are separated from the elongated strip and into individual container carrier packages.

According to a preferred embodiment of this invention, such as shown in FIG. **2**, container carriers **10** include a plurality of container receiving apertures **25** for engaging a plurality of containers to form a multipackage. Container carriers **10** preferably include a flexible web forming a plurality of container receiving apertures **25** arranged in longitudinal rows and transverse ranks. As shown in FIG. **2**, two longitudinal rows of three transverse ranks form a single container carrier **10** within a string of generally continuous container carriers **10**. As such, each container carrier **10** in this configuration includes an inner rank **48** and a pair of outer ranks **52**. In alternate configurations, container carrier **10** may include multiple inner ranks **48** but will necessarily include two outer ranks **52**, one at each end of container carrier **10**.

Within the continuous string of container carriers **10**, container receiving apertures **25** are preferably spaced at a non-uniform pitch, that is, a non-uniform distance between a midpoint of each adjacent container receiving aperture **25**. As a result, each container receiving aperture **25** in an inner rank **48** includes a different length than each container receiving aperture **25** in an outer rank **52**. In addition, each container receiving aperture **25** includes a generally triangular shape having a generally arcuate base **28** and a pair of concave sides **30** that taper toward a center.

In order to optimize foldability and application characteristics around the desired containers, container carrier **10** preferably additionally includes a flat segment **36** formed in an outer corner of each container receiving aperture **25** in the outer rank. Further, container carrier **10** may include a reduced width of the flexible web along outer bands of each container receiving aperture **25**.

Container carrier **10** preferably further includes a generally diamond shaped intermediate aperture **45** formed in the flexible web between each rank of the transverse ranks of container receiving apertures **25**. In addition, a generally crescent shaped grasping aperture **42** is preferably formed in the flexible web on each side of each intermediate aperture **45**. This arrangement preferably facilitates carrying the multipackage of containers following application of container carrier **10** to the containers.

Preferably, a generally continuous string of container carriers is formed that includes first attachment area **60** and second attachment area **80** formed between each adjacent container carrier **10**. First and second attachment areas **60**, **80** preferably include dividing aperture **70** formed at least partially across each of first attachment area **60** and second attachment area **80**, specifically at an outer longitudinal extremity of each container receiving aperture **25** of the outer rank **52**. According to a preferred embodiment of this invention, dividing aperture **70** is generally oval shaped having two tapered ends. The two tapered ends may taper to a point or a small radius, as best shown in magnification in FIG. **3**.

The container carrier **10** as described is preferably configured to permit folding the string of continuous container carriers **10** so that the resulting stack **40** lies relatively flat and horizontal within package **1**, such as the carton shown

in FIG. **1**. The arrangement of the container carrier **10** including an unequal pitch or aperture length and a generally oval shaped dividing aperture **70** having tapered and minimally radiused ends results in easier and cleaner separation of container carriers **10** from the string.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention shown in FIG. **1**, package **1** comprises a carton. The carton may contain one or more stacks **40** of container carriers **10**. A method for assembling package **1** of container carriers **10** is required that results in an efficiently filled package **1** and permits uninterrupted removal of a mostly continuous elongated strip of container carriers **10**. In one preferred embodiment of this invention, package **1** is simultaneously loaded with multiple stacks **40** of container carriers **10**. Preferably, though not necessarily, each stack **40** of container carriers **10** is separated and/or positioned using one or more dividers to maintain position of and spacing between the various stacks **40** of container carriers **10**. This configuration helps prevent tangling and other problems encountered during loading and unloading of package **1**.

In a preferred embodiment of this invention, each additional stack **40** of container carriers **10** that is added to package **1** is connected to the previous stack **40** of container carriers **10**. Preferably, an end container carrier at a bottom of a first stack **40** of container carriers **10** is connected with a beginning container carrier at a top of an additional stack **40** of container carriers **10**. The end container carrier is preferably connected or spliced with the beginning container carrier using a weld attachment or a heat seal. Adjacent stacks **40** of container carriers **10** may also be connected using other methods known to those having skill in the art.

While in the foregoing specification this invention has been described in relation to certain preferred embodiments thereof, and many details have been set forth for purposes of illustration, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the apparatus is susceptible to additional embodiments and that certain of the details described herein can be varied considerably without departing from the basic principles of the invention.

The invention claimed is:

**1.** A container carrier for unitizing a plurality of containers comprising:

a flexible web forming a plurality of container receiving apertures arranged in longitudinal rows and transverse ranks, wherein each container receiving aperture in an inner rank includes a different length than each container receiving aperture in an outer rank, each container receiving aperture including a generally triangular shape having a generally arcuate base and a pair of concave sides that taper toward a center;

a dividing aperture formed only at an outer longitudinal extremity of each container receiving aperture of the outer rank, wherein the dividing aperture is generally oval shaped having two tapered ends, wherein the flexible web is foldable along the dividing aperture;

a plurality of additional container carriers connected to the longitudinal extremity of the container carrier to form a generally continuous string of container carriers; and

a carton, wherein the generally continuous string of container carriers are fan folded within the carton.

**2.** The container carrier of claim **1** further comprising: a flat segment formed in an outer corner of each container receiving aperture in the outer rank.

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3. The container carrier of claim 1 further comprising:  
a generally diamond shaped intermediate aperture formed  
in the flexible web between each rank of the transverse  
ranks of container receiving apertures.
4. The container carrier of claim 3 further comprising:  
a generally crescent shaped grasping aperture formed in  
the flexible web on each side of each intermediate  
aperture.
5. The container carrier of claim 1 further comprising:  
a reduced width of the flexible web along outer bands of  
each container receiving aperture.
6. The container carrier of claim 1 wherein the dividing  
aperture is centered within a first attachment area between  
adjacent container carriers.
7. A generally continuous string of container carriers, each  
container carrier for unitizing a plurality of containers, the  
generally continuous string of container carriers comprising:  
a flexible web forming a plurality of container receiving  
apertures arranged in longitudinal rows and transverse  
ranks defining a single container carrier, wherein each  
container receiving aperture in an inner rank includes a  
different length than each container receiving aperture  
in an outer rank, each container receiving aperture  
including a generally arcuate base along an outer edge  
of the flexible web and a pair of concave sides that taper  
toward a center of the flexible web;  
a dividing aperture formed only at an outer longitudinal  
extremity of each container receiving aperture of the

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- outer rank between each adjacent single container  
carrier, wherein the generally continuous string of  
container carriers is foldable along the dividing aper-  
ture; and
- a carton wherein the generally continuous string of con-  
tainer carriers are fan folded within the carton.
8. The package of claim 7 wherein the generally continu-  
ous string of container carriers consists of a single layer of  
material.
9. The generally continuous string of container carriers of  
claim 7 further comprising:  
a flat segment formed in an outer corner of each container  
receiving aperture in the outer rank.
10. The generally continuous string of container carriers  
of claim 7 further comprising:  
a generally diamond shaped intermediate aperture formed  
in the flexible web between each rank of the transverse  
ranks of container receiving apertures.
11. The container carrier of claim 10 further comprising:  
a generally crescent shaped grasping aperture formed in  
the flexible web on each side of each intermediate  
aperture.
12. The container carrier of claim 7 further comprising:  
a reduced width of the flexible web along outer bands of  
each container receiving aperture.

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